Third Addendum to the 2014 Certified General Plan Amendment, Housing Element Update, and Associated Rezoning Draft EIR

State Clearinghouse No. 2014032007

Prepared by the City of Cupertino



November 8, 2019

SECTION 1.0 INTRODUCTION AND PURPOSE

This Addendum to the Final Environmental Impact Report ("Final EIR") for the City of Cupertino General Plan Amendment, Housing Element Update and Associated Rezoning (the "Final EIR project") (State Clearinghouse Number 2014032007) addresses proposed clarifications to the development standards for Planned Development (P) Zoning Districts. The City of Cupertino certified the Final EIR in December 2014, adopted the General Plan in December 2014 with subsequent minor edits adopted in October 2015, and adopted the Housing Element in March 2015. The Final EIR analyzed land use alternatives that included citywide development allocations (as well as building heights and densities) for five Special Areas, seven Study Areas, and other Special Areas.

The purpose of this Addendum is to evaluate whether the proposed modifications to the Planned Development Zoning Districts, which are described in Section 3.0 Proposed Modifications to the Final EIR Project below, require major revisions to the Final EIR or a subsequent EIR due to new significant impacts or a substantial increase in the severity of significant impacts previously identified in the Final EIR. This Addendum has been prepared by the City of Cupertino as the Lead Agency, in conformance with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), the CEQA Guidelines, and the regulations and policies of the City of Cupertino. For the reasons articulated in this Addendum and based on substantial evidence in the record, the City concludes that no subsequent EIR is required.

SECTION 2.0 STANDARD FOR PREPARATION OF AN ADDENDUM

CEQA Guidelines Section 15164 states that the lead agency shall prepare an addendum to a previously certified EIR if some changes or additions are necessary, but none of the conditions described in CEQA Guidelines Section 15162 calling for the preparation of a subsequent EIR have occurred.

CEQA Guidelines Section 15162 states that when an EIR has been certified for a project, no subsequent EIR shall be prepared for that project unless the lead agency determines, on the basis of substantial evidence in light of the whole record, one or more of the following:

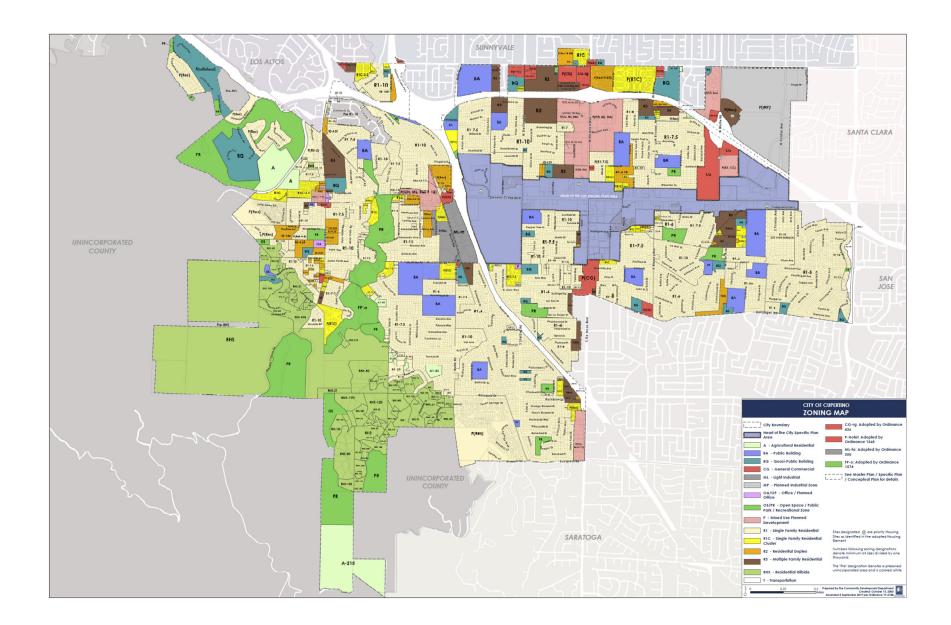
- Substantial changes are proposed in the project which will require major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects;
- (2) Substantial changes occur with respect to the circumstances under which the project is undertaken which will require major revisions of the previous EIR or negative declaration due to the involvement of new significant environmental effects or a substantial increase in the severity of previously identified significant effects; or
- (3) New information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been known with the exercise of reasonable diligence at the time the previous EIR was certified as complete or the negative declaration was adopted, shows any of the following:

- (A) The project will have one or more significant effects not discussed in the previous EIR or negative declaration;
- (B) Significant effects previously examined will be substantially more severe than shown in the previous EIR;
- (C) Mitigation measures or alternatives previously found not to be feasible would in fact be feasible and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative; or
- (D) Mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those analyzed in the previous EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects on the environment, but the project proponents decline to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

SECTION 3.0 PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS TO THE FINAL EIR PROJECT

The proposed modifications to the Final EIR project are to clarify the development standards applicable in the Planned Development (P) zones. The P zones are located throughout the city. The P zones are enacted to allow flexibility in the development standards through review by the City. However, as clarified in the proposed revisions to the Zoning Code, the development standards for the R-3 (multi-family) zone and the zoning districts referenced in the parenthetical following "P" on the zoning map are intended to apply in this zone in the absence of a conceptual development plan or specific plan for residential or mixed-use projects. A zoning map of the City is shown in Figure 3-1.

The Final EIR analyzed future development in the City in all zoning districts. Much of the City is zoned primarily for single-family or low-density residential uses, with about 70% of the City comprised of single-family development. In 2014 and today, most of the City is already developed, with very few vacant properties. The Final EIR also recognized the significant challenges to redeveloping single family developments with multi-family uses. Therefore, most future development was anticipated to occur on in-fill sites. The overall residential development, analyzed in the Final EIR and certified in 2014, allowed for the development of up to 4,421 residential units at 2040 Build-out, the majority of which were anticipated to be in mixed-use, multi-family residential projects along major corridors within the City.



The City proposes clarifications to the project analyzed in the Final EIR by adopting text amendments to the Zoning Code applicable to the Planned Development zoning districts. Specifically, the proposed amendments:

- Clarify that residential and residential mixed use projects in a P zone must comply with the development standards and regulations for the zoning districts referenced on the zoning map, unless otherwise established in a conceptual development plan, definitive plan, or other zoning plan.
- Clarify that the development standards and regulations for residential development in the absence of standards in other plans are those established for the R-3 (multi-family) zoning district.
- Clarify that, in the absence of standards in other plans, mixed-use residential developments shall comply with standards and regulations of the type of proposed use. I.e., Multi-family (R-3) zoning standards for residential portions of the development, General Commercial (CG) zoning standards for the commercial portion of the development, ML/MP zoning standards, whichever is referenced, for the industrial portion of the development, OA/OP zoning standards, whichever is referenced, for the office portion of the development. Also, clarify that in the event of a conflict between the different zoning standards, the most restrictive standard would apply.
- Other clarifying changes are also proposed.

These changes do not change allowed uses, but clarify development standards that would apply to anticipated uses in the P zones by reference to existing standards for those uses. The analyses in the Final EIR assumed that a majority of new development anticipated in the City would be infill development in mixed-use, multi-family developments as is evidenced in a review of the areas where the residential growth was planned.¹ The Final EIR identified General Plan policies and programmatic mitigation measures to reduce impacts from development of multi-family uses in any of the areas that allow such development. The refinement of the applicable development standards of the allowable uses within the Planned Development zoning districts by the City Council as part of the proposed modifications, therefore, would not change the impacts disclosed in the Final EIR because the analyses evaluates and anticipates such development on these properties. For this reason, the decision by the City Council as to clarify which development standards apply to this zoning district has no effect on the analysis or conclusions in the Final EIR.

SECTION 4.0 ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS OF THE PROPOSED MODIFICATIONS TO THE FINAL EIR PROJECT

The following discusses the potential effects on the physical environment from implementing the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project. This analysis has been prepared to determine whether any of the conditions in State CEQA Guidelines Section 15162 (described in Section 2.0 Standards for Preparation of an Addendum, above) would occur as a result of the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project regarding the development standards in the Planned Development Zoning Districts.

4.1 SAME IMPACTS

¹ City of Cupertino. General Plan Amendment, Housing Element Update and Associated Rezoning Response to Comments Document. SCH# 2014032007. August 28, 2014. Page 3-29.

Like the Final EIR project, the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project would have no impacts to agriculture, forestry, or mineral resources, because those resources are not found within the City of Cupertino. The proposed modifications to the Final EIR project, therefore, would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant impacts to agriculture, forestry, or mineral resources than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR.

The proposed modifications to the Final EIR project do not modify the assumption that infill, mixed-use multi-family development are anticipated within the Special Areas and major corridors. Clarifying the development standards for development within these areas based on existing standards for anticipated uses would not cause a new significant impact or a substantial increase in the severity of the impacts analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR. For this reason, the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project would result in the same land use impacts as disclosed in the Final EIR, and would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant land use impacts than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR.

The physical condition and characteristics of the properties within the Planned Development Zoning Districts have not substantially changed since the certification of the Final EIR. The urban nature, trees, soil characteristics, seismic potential, and drainage on-site are in the same or similar condition as they were in 2014. The development regulated by the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project would take place in the same areas and result in the same area of ground disturbance as analyzed in the Final EIR. For this reason, the implementation of the proposed modifications would have the same impacts to biological resources, cultural resources, geology and soils, hazards and hazardous materials, and hydrology and water quality as disclosed in the Final EIR and would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant impacts to these resources than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR.

The number of residential units that could be built on these sites would not be impacted with the proposed modifications compared to the project analyzed in the Final EIR. The allowed uses and residential densities remain unchanged and no changes are proposed to the residential development allocation in the General Plan. For this reason, the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project would have the same population and housing impacts as disclosed in the Final EIR and would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant impacts to these resources than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR.

Since no changes are proposed to the overall development program analyzed in the Final EIR, there would be no changes to the daily or peak hour trips. For this reason, the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project would not result in new or substantially more severe significant traffic impacts than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR. In addition, there would be no changes to pollutant emissions, noise and vibration, and energy and utility demand compared to the project analyzed in the Final EIR.

The Final EIR project identifies height limitations and includes slope line criteria for development; these standards are not impacted by the proposed amendments. Therefore, implementation of the proposed text amendments in the Municipal Code would not have more impacts to aesthetics, air quality, energy, greenhouse gas emissions, public services, recreation, transportation, and utilities and service systems than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR because the amount of development analyzed remains the same.

To the extent the proposed text amendments would result in reduced amounts of development as compared to the Final EIR, project, the Final EIR evaluated alternatives to the Final EIR project that included reduced amounts of development,² and concluded that these alternatives would result in essentially the same impacts as the Final EIR project.³ Therefore, the proposed modification to the Final EIR project would not result in any new or substantially more severe significant aesthetics, air quality, energy, greenhouse gas emissions, noise and vibration, public services, recreation, transportation, and utilities and service systems impacts than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR.

Table 4-1 summarizes the impacts of the proposed modifications to the Final EIR compared to Final EIR project.

Table 4-1: Comparison of Impacts of the Final EIR Project and Proposed Modifications tothe Final EIR Project					
	Compared to Impacts Disclosed in the Final EIR, the Impacts of the Proposed Modifications to the Final EIR Project would be:				
	Same	Lesser	New Significant or More Substantial		
Aesthetics	Х				
Agricultural and Forestry Resources	Х				
Air Quality	Х				
Biological Resources	Х				
Cultural Resources	Х				
Geology, Soils, and Seismicity	Х				
Greenhouse Gas Emissions	Х				
Hazards and Hazardous Materials	Х				
Hydrology and Water Quality	Х				
Land Use and Planning	Х				
Mineral Resources	Х				

² The below table summarizes the citywide development amounts studied as the Final EIR project and alternatives analyzed in the Final EIR. Summary of Citywide Development Studied in the Final EIR.

	Final EIR Project	No Project	Land Use Alternative A	Land Use Alternative B
Office Square Footage	4,040,231	540,231	1,040,231	2,540,231
Commercial Square Footage	1,343,679	701,413	701,413	1,343,679
Hotel Rooms	1,339	339	600	839
Residential Units	4,421	1,895	1,895	3,316
Source: City of Cupertino General H	Plan Amendment Housing P	Element Undate av	nd Associated Rezoning	Draft EIR SCH#

Source: City of Cupertino. General Plan Amendment, Housing Element Update and Associated Rezoning Draft EIR. SCH# 2014032007. June 18, 2014. Page 2-5.

³ City of Cupertino. General Plan Amendment, Housing Element Update and Associated Rezoning Draft EIR. SCH# 2014032007. June 18, 2014. Page 5-5.

Table 4-1: Comparison of Impacts of the Final EIR Project and Proposed Modifications tothe Final EIR Project					
	Compared to Impacts Disclosed in the Final EIR, the Impacts of the Proposed Modifications to the Final EIR Project would be:				
	Same	Lesser	New Significant or More Substantial		
Noise and Vibration	Х				
Population and Housing	Х				
Public Services and Recreation	Х				
Transportation and Traffic	Х				
Utilities and Service Systems	Х				

SECTION 5.0 COMPARISON TO THE CONDITIONS LISTED IN CEQA GUIDELINES SECTION 15162

5.1 SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES TO THE PROJECT

As described above in Section 4.0 Environmental Impacts of the Proposed Modifications to the Final EIR Project, the proposed modifications would not result in new significant environmental effects beyond those identified in the Final EIR, would not substantially increase the severity of significant environmental effects identified in the Final EIR, and thus would not require major revisions to the Final EIR. The proposed modifications, therefore, are not substantial changes to the project that require major revisions to the Final EIR or a subsequent EIR.

5.2 SUBSTANTIAL CHANGES IN CIRCUMSTANCES

The physical conditions on the sites zoned Planned Development Zoning Districts have not changed substantially since the certification of the Final EIR, although some structures have been improved and others have been demolished. Planned Development Zoning Districts remain primarily developed, with somewhat limited opportunities for in-fill development or redevelopment. Clarifying the applicable development standards for some of these modified sites will not result in a new significant environmental effect or a substantial increase in the severity of environmental effects identified in the Final EIR. The Final EIR already evaluated the potential impacts associated with in-fill development and redevelopment using established development standards. Therefore, major revisions to the Final EIR or a subsequent EIR are not required.

5.3 NEW INFORMATION

No new information of substantial importance, which was not known and could not have been known when the Final EIR was certified, has been identified which shows that the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project would be expected to result in: 1) new significant environmental effects not identified in the Final EIR; 2) substantially more severe environmental effects than shown in the Final EIR; 3) mitigation measures or alternatives previously determined to be infeasible would in fact be feasible and would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project, but the project sponsor declines to adopt the mitigation or alternative; or 4) mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those identified in the Final EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects but the project sponsor declines to adopt the mitigation or alternative identified in the Final EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects but the project sponsor declines to adopt the mitigation or alternative; or 4) mitigation measures or alternatives which are considerably different from those identified in the Final EIR would substantially reduce one or more significant effects of the project sponsor declines to adopt the mitigation of the project but the project sponsor declines to adopt the mitigation effects of the project sponsor declines to adopt the mitigation measure or alternative.

In addition, as discussed in Section 3.0 Environmental Impacts of the Proposed Modifications to the Final EIR Project, the proposed modifications would result in the same or lesser impacts than were analyzed and disclosed in the Final EIR. For this reason, the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project would not require new mitigation measures because no new or substantially more severe significant environmental effects are expected beyond those identified in the Final EIR would occur.

SECTION 6.0 CONCLUSION

For the reasons stated above, and based on the analysis in the Final EIR and the existing conditions in the Planned Development Zoning Districts, the City has concluded that the proposed

modifications would not result in any new impacts not previously identified in the Final EIR; nor would it result in a substantial increase in the severity of any significant environmental impact previously identified in the EIR. For these reasons, a subsequent EIR is not required and an addendum to the Final EIR is the appropriate CEQA document to address the proposed modifications to the Final EIR project.